

THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

[No. 839.]

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1802.

[Vol. XVI.]

LEXINGTON:—PRINTED BY DANIEL BRADFORD, (On Main Street).—PRICE TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, PAID IN ADVANCE.

WILLIAM WEST,
Has Received and is Just Opening,
In the Store lately occupied by Mr. George Tegar-
den,
A Handsome Assortment of
MERCHANDISE,

Confisting of
Dry Goods, 22
Groceries,
Hard Ware,
Queens' Ware, &
Glass Ware,

Which have been bought on good terms, and will be
old for CASH, as Cheap as any in the State.

No Credit can be given on any terms.

P. S. I have on hand and unopened,
an Invoice of MERCHANDISE, to a
considerable amount, that I wish to sell
by whole sale; payable principally in
PRODUCE.—The purchaser must give
good security for the true performance of
his contract. W. W.

TOW LINEN.

JOHN A. SEITZ,
Wants a large quantity of the above arti-
cle, if delivered immediately, at his
Store in Lexington.

ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED to the subscriber, either by
bond, note, or book account, are re-
quested to come forward by the 1st day of
October next, and make payment; no
further indulgence will be given.

JNO. M. BOGGS,

Lexington, Sept. 6th 1802.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE Lexington Jail about the 20th
July last, A NEGRO MAN, named
ROBIN, about 22 years of age, about 5
feet 4 or 5 inches high, yellowish com-
plexion, smiling countenance, and well
set—very athletic. It is supposed he will
attempt to cross the Ohio. Whoever
will take up said negro and deliver him to
the subscriber, near Nashville, on the
Cumberland river, in Tennessee, or secure
him in any jail, so that I get him, shall re-
ceive the above reward and all reasona-
ble charges. 10

JOHN GRAVES.

August 7, 1802.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN, on Saturday the 10th inst.
from the subscriber, living in Bourbon
county, two and a half miles from Mil-
lerville, on the road to Paris,

A BAY MARE,

two years old last June, near fifteen hands
high, a small star in her forehead, some
white on her off hind foot from the past-
ern joint down, and the near hind foot
joint is broken, which occasions
her hoof to turn out, owing to a hurt re-
ceived whilst a young colt. A man was
seen riding the above mare on Friday last
near Millersburg, and going towards
Lexington, where he was again seen on
Saturday afternoon, having parted with
her. Whoever will deliver the said mare
to the subscriber, or secure her so that he
get her again, shall have the above re-
ward.

JOHN IRWIN.

July 20, 1802.

FISHEL & GALLETTIN,

Copper & Tin Smiths,

Respectfully inform their friends and the
public in general, that they have commenced busi-
ness at their shop on Main street, opposite Capt.
Marshall's tavern; where those who please to favor
them with orders, may depend on their being strictly
executed; and having received a fresh supply of
Black Copper.

STILLS, KETTLES, &c.

Will be made or mended on the shortest notice.

They want to purchase a quantity of

Old Copper & Pewter.

\$7w

Lexington, September 10.



FRESH MEDICINE.

Just arrived from Philadelphia, at our
shop, near the Stray-Pen, Lexington, and to
be sold for CASH, Fine Linen, or
Flax Seed.

ALSO RED CLOVER SEED,

FOR SALE.

ANDREW McALLA & Co.

FOR SALE—AT THIS OFFICE,

PRICE'S SERMONS.

NOTICE.

The highest price given for
MERCHANDISE HEMP,

At the Store of

Walker Baylor & Son,

Opposite the Market house.

In addition to their present extensive
assortment, expect to receive a large supply of

Blankets & other Fall Goods,
Red & White Clover Seed.

WALKER BAYLOR & SON.

Lexington, September 16, 1802.

STATE OF KENTUCKY.

Mason county set, July Term 1802.

Elizabeth Phillips & Gabriel Phil-
lips, heirs of Gabriel Phillips de-
ceased, by George Shepherd, their
next friend,

Against

Sarah Phillips widow of John Phil-
lips, dec. & Geo. Phillips, James
Phillips, Richard Bane, & Nancy
his wife, William Tate, & Lucy
his wife, Thomas Farrow, &
Frances his wife, James Savage,
& Mary his wife, Hudson Gar-
land, & Elizabeth his wife, Wil-
liam Alcock, Sarah Alcock, Fran-
ces Alcock, Elizabeth Alcock,
Richard Alcock, Dolly Alcock,
Lucy Alcock, Benjamin Phillips,
Frances Phillips, Sally Phillips,
Thane Phillips, Moses Phillips,
Polly Phillips, Elizabeth Phillips,
Nancy Phillips & George Phil-
lips, heirs & representatives of
said John Phillips deceased,

IN CHANCERY.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the
court that the defendants Thomas Far-
row and Frances his wife, Hudson Gar-
land and Elizabeth his wife, William Al-
cock, Sarah Alcock, Frances Alcock, El-
izabeth Alcock, Richard Alcock, Dolly
Alcock, Lucy Alcock, Benjamin Phillips,
Frances Phillips, Sally Phillips, Thane
Phillips, Moses Phillips, Polly Phillips,
Elizabeth Phillips, Nancy Phillips and
George Phillips, are not inhabitants of
this Commonwealth, and they having
failed to appear and file their answera-
ble to law and the rules of this
court; upon motion of the complainants
by their attorney, it is ordered, that un-
less the said defendants shall appear here
at the next October term in person, or
by some attorney of said court, and an-
swer the said complainants' bill the same
shall be taken as confessed; and it is fur-
ther ordered, that a copy of this order
be advertised for two months successively
in some public authorized paper, and that
another be posted at the door of the
court-house in the town of Washington,
and that a third be posted at the door of
the Baptist meeting-house in said town,
some Sunday immediately after divine
service.

A copy.

Tells.

THO. MARSHALL JUN. C. M. C.

LEXINGTON LIBRARY.

THE Subscribers to this institution
are requested to make immediate payment
to the subscriber, of their respective sub-
scriptions, contributions and fines. Those
that remain unsettled on the first day of
November next, will be put into the
hands of a proper officer for collection.
At the same time I cannot help flatter-
ing myself, that the sharers in general
have the prosperity of the Library so
much at heart, as to induce them to
make punctual payment, as thereby the
Directors will be enabled to make a
fresh importation of Books.

BENJ. STOUT, Treasr. L. L.

25th Sept. 1802.

Fayette, to wit:

THIS day Margaret Kiffin, who lives
on the road leading from Lexington to
Bryant's station, about two miles from
Lexington, brought before me as a stray,
A **SORREL HORSE,**

three years old, about fourteen and a
half hands high, neither docked nor
branded; appraised to 50 dollars, by
Wm. Macbean, and John Bob. Given
under my hand this 26th day of June
1802.

JOHN BRADFORD.

A copy. Tells.

LEVI TODD, C. F. C.

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at this Office, the second edition of
WILSON'S GRAMMAR,

Revised and Corrected.

WILLIAM LEAVY

Has just received from PHILADELPHIA,
and is now opening for sale at his store
in LEXINGTON, a large, elegant and
well chosen assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

consisting of the following articles, viz.

Superfine, fine, and Aronett,
Coarse Cloths, Prussian blue
Cassimeres of differ- Kings' yellow, pa-
ent colours, tent yellow, and
Swandowns, yellow Ochre,
Striped and Plain indigo,
Coatings, Red keel vermilion,
Rote, Point, & Stri- Verdigrise,
ped Blankets, Logwood,
Velvets, Redwood,
Fancy Cords, Madder,
Camblets, Allum,
Moreens, Coperas,
Joan's Spinning, Pepper,
Durants, plain and Alpice,
Strip'd, Nutmegs,
Cinnamoncoes and cloves and
Bombazets, ginger,
Light, blue, yellow, Sulphur,
and spotted Flo- London white lead,
rentines, Spanish whitening and
Plain, strip'd & clou- Chalk,
ded Nankeens, Spanish Brown,
Ginghams, Window glass by
Dimity & Merfaiettes the box,
Velling, Medicines & Paints,
India book Jaconet, As usual, a very ge-
British Lappet, neral assortment
Cambrics and coarfe of Law, Divinity
Mullins, & School Books,
Tamboured, fringed, A variety of Ket-
cotton and lili- tle's best gun &
Shawls, pilot locks,
Handkerchiefs of e- Anvils and Vices,
very description, Files of every de-
A handsome well- scription,
chosen assortment Crawley and blister-
of Chintzes and ed Steel,
Callicoes, unusu- Cut 3d. & 4d. Nails,
ally low, Comps, dovetail,
Mansu, Lutestrings, tenon, pannel,
Seneches, & Pe- German and cast
longes, steel plate hand
Men's strip'd and saws of the best
plain Satins, quality,
Ell and 1-2 ell Per- A numerous assort-
sians, ment of Saddlery
7-8 and yard wide and Cutlery,
Irish Linens, All kinds of shoe
Platlas remarkably maker's tools,
low, China ware by the
Brown Holland and short or full and
Britannias, complete sets,
Diaper towelling & Queens' ware of e-
table Linen, very kind,
Silk, cotton & wor- Common and Cut
sted Hosi, glass Decanters,
Silk and Leather 2ed plated cators,
Gloves, Copper Tea-kettles,
Thread of every All sizes of Iron &
kind, Brais wire,
Morocco, Stuff and screen and wheat
leather Slippers, farn Riddles,
Scarlet Cloaks of Gilt looking glasses
differenc sizes, by 22
Blue, green, buff & down to 12 in-
Scarlet Plush, ches,
Scarlet Turkey yarn 8 by 10, & 10 by 12
Cotton, Wool and window glass by
Tow Cards, the box.

Also a complete set
of the
ENCYCLOPEDIA
in 18 volumes.
UMBRELLAS of
every size.

There are here the above enu-
merated articles which I have imported,
a great variety of others, which will be
sold by Wholesale or Retail, on as low, if
not on lower terms, than any ever ex-
posed for sale in this place.

Lexington, Aug. 9, 1802.

Bourbon county, set.

TAKEN up by Andrew Lydic, living
on the waters of Houlton, not far from
Col. Wilmott's, a

DARK BAY HORSE COLT.

one year old last spring, about four feet
two inches high, no brand to be seen,
has a small star in his forehead, his right
eye nearly out to appearance; appraised
to 61. Posted before

WILLIAM CLARKSON.

June 10th 1802.

PAINE'S RIGHTS OF MAN

For Sale at this Office.

ALEX. PARKER & Co.

Have just received from PHILADELPHIA,
in addition to their former assortment,
India Nankeens,
India & English Flannels,
Rote Blankets,
Scarlet Cardinals assorted,
Superfine Bouling Cloths,
Calfskin, Stuff & Morocco Slippers,
Knives & Forks,
Cotton Cards,
Best Coffee,
Teas,
Loaf & Muscovado Sugars,
Madcira, Sherry,
Port &
Teneriffe Pepper,
Allum,
French Indigo,
White Lead, &c.

Which they will sell on the most mode-
rate terms for Cash, Country Linen, Lin-
en and Hemp.

Lexington, July 20, 1802.

N.B. A few of the best built S.W.

MILL CRANKS on hand.

THE LEXINGTON SUBSCRIPTION

RACES.

Free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding.

Will commence on the third Wednes-
day in October next, by running the four
mile heats. The winner of which shall
be entitled to two thirds of the money
subscribed.

To continue the next day by running
the three mile heats—for the remaining
third of the money subscribed.

And on the following day by running the
two mile heats—for the entrance money
of that and the two preceding days.

N. B. Once round the field will be
considered a mile.

Reference will be had to Maj. John P.

Wagon and Capt. C. Banks, for the rules
of the turf.

Sept. 6th 1802.

PUBLIC NOTICE

TO all whom it may concern—That

we or one of us, will attend on the twen-
ty-ninth day of October inst. and to con-
tinue from day to day, till the business is
done, with the commissioners appointed
by the county court of Clarke, at Pey-
ton's spring and improvement, in said
county, on a small branch of the South
Fork of Licking, about two hundred
poles from Said's old mill on Stoner,
to perpetuate the testimony of witnesses,
to establish the several calls in an entry, made
October the 6th 1780, and survey made
in the name of Timothy Payton, on a
pre-emption warrant of 1000 acres, on a
small branch of the South Fork of Lick-
ing, including a remarkable Rock Spring,
and an improvement made by Crittenden
and Company—Then and there to do
such other things, as they shall think ne-
cessary and the law requires.

William Henry.

James Munro.

October 4, 1802.

PARIS DISTRICT.

July Term 1802.

David Johnston Complainant,

Against

Thomas Logwood & others, Defendants.

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant Logwood, not having
entered his appearance herein agreeably
to the act of assembly and rules of this
court, and it appearing to the satisfaction
of the court, that he is not an inhabitant
of this Commonwealth, on motion of
the complainant by his counsel, it is or-
dered that the said defendant do appear
& answer the complainant's bill at the next
term; that a copy of this order be infered
in some one of the Gazettes of this State
for two months successively, another pos-
ted at the door of the court-house in Pa-
ris, and published at the front door of
the Presbyterian meeting-house in Paris,
some Sunday immediately after divine
service.

A copy. Attest.

THO. ARNOLD, C. P. D. C.

ROUND TEXT COPIES,

with

INSTRUCTIONS FOR WRITING,

Engraved by David Humphreys,

May be had at this Office.

Price 2/3.

EUROPE.

Spain.

INUNDATION.

Translated from "The Diario de Madrid."

MADRID, May 10.

The following is an extract of a letter, written from the city of Lorca, by one of its inhabitants, to his friend in this city, in which he gives an account of the dreadful accident which befel that city from the breaking of a bank or mound, which was constructed a few years ago to contain the water for the purpose of watering the fields in the neighborhood of that city.—The number drowned by this misfortune amounted to six thousand.

I make known to you, first, that on the 11th day of April, (which will be memorable for ages to come) at half past three o'clock in the afternoon, a youth ran into my house and gave me the lamentable information that the bank had given way; he accompanied these expressions with so many tears and such sobbing that he could scarcely articulate or I understand him. On receiving this fatal news, I ran with great precipitation into the street, where I found a general commotion; enough to see that those who were leaving their dwellings to put themselves in a place of safety.

I returned to my house, and by my cries collected my wife, children and family; they saw my trouble; we all ran precipitately to Calvario to escape the great danger which threatened us. We there found a considerable number of people filled with trouble and dread, calling upon God and begging for mercy with loud cries and lamentations. I then saw vast quantities of water descending from the hills which directed itself with the greatest fury imaginable towards San Diego, spreading itself over all the fields, having its general direction towards the olive trees. I left my family at Calvario and went to the street La Casca, where I saw the water breaking down the convent of Mercy; arriving at the gate of Bordeta, the market no longer appeared; I passed to the Houle de Miralles; there they told me that houses, families, and every thing else had been swept away from the bottom to the top, on both sides. The water covered the hills and carried away the whole population on the right of the fountain.—Our Corridor was in the place directing assistance to be given; he was surrounded by many people; the generale was beat, and every thing was done for the tranquillity of the people. At this time news was received that at the Mill of Beni-Tile, they had found the Lord Councillor, who had been drowned; immediately orders were given to the people to bring his body; at 12 o'clock at night it was brought to Calille. I repaired to the Gate of St. Gines; I there saw that the people of the Convent of Mercy was threatened with ruin. I repaired to the Gate of Don Juan Antonio Albuquerque, where at this season his wife and family reside; they had fled on horcs. Monjoy was commissioned to collect the dead bodies in the Orals.

"At break of day the following morning, we heard nothing but lamentations for those looking for their parents, others for their children; women seeking for their husbands, and all trying to unite their families. At the gate called St. Gines, we can no longer see the fountains where the houses stood; every thing is desolation from the Convent of Mercy to the Hospital of Women; the houses carried away from the barrier alone, are reckoned at 400 and what are remaining, greatly injured, as the water was in all the second story.—The first vessel of the Convent of Mercy were found at two leagues distance; the Church of San Christoval is not much injured, though the water was up to the cornices. San Diego is abandoned; the Saints are all removed; the fame is the case with La Merced, because mud and trash are left in them two yards deep.—Every thing is taken from the Tower of La Merced, as it threatened to fall to ruin. Treasures are dug without the town, where they are going to bury the dead, without distinction of persons, and where they are now collecting them in carriages. All the fields and gardens, from the Garden de Graces to the road that passes this have been a river. No inhabitants are left; people, olive trees, gardens, all have perished and are ruined. It is fortunate that the whole city did not suffer the same fate; this would have been the case if the bank had not given way where it did, and the water takes a direction to the left of San Diego. The Lord Concellor might have been saved, as was the son of his assistant and his servant, but he confided in his mules, and perished with them and his coachman. People are sent to Velaz to grind grain; we have no longer any mill; of thirteen whelives had, only that of Buen-Villa remains, and that is injured; of oil mills not one left; of the great part of Santa Quiteria and the four quarters the left hand quarters and groves are full of timber and furniture.—The books and accounts of the Mayor's Office were found at the farm house of Sagrillas and 24,000 reals belonging to him also. As yet I have neither eat nor slept; allis confusion and dismay; all are weeping over the dreadful accident. At present I

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can find you no further particulars on this subject, but I will venture to say, that the damage will be much greater when the waters have passed twenty leagues, which is the distance from hence to the sea, and when they have encountered Murcia, Orihuela, and other places in their way."

Germany.

HAMBURG, July 20.

The Ottoman empire is falling asunder on all sides with more rapidity than could have been presumed. The Sultan has no children. Shut up in his Seraglio, he only goes out to the Mosque every Friday. The military hopes conceived of him in his youth, and which occasioned his being proclaimed with enthusiasm by his faniliars, have vanished. The Sultan Valide has long appeared to have some influence; and at Constantinople, as in France, Naples, and in many other places, the influence of women has produced great misery.

England.

LONDON, July 25.

The Algerine corsairs have committed some considerable piracies in the Mediterranean.

A letter from Naples, dated the 2d of June, states that in the course of six weeks two Spanish ships, one Genesee, a Portuguese private, and two French frigates, the British Consul had made three representations on the detention of the English ship, but according to the latest intelligence, the Regency had not released her.

At length hostilities have openly commenced between the Emperor of Morocco and the United States, and the following public notice of this event has been officially given to the commanders of American vessels by the Consul of the United States, resident at Paris:—

"Paris, July 18.

"Sir, "Letters which I have just received from Commodore Morris, who commands the Squadron of the United States in the Mediterranean, and our Consul at Gibraltar, Mr. Gavino, announce the disgraceful intelligence of the arrival in that port of Mr. Simpson from Tangiers. The Emperor of Morocco charged him to depart with precipitation, and at the same time ordered all his vessels to be armed against the American commerce."

"I beg you will without delay inform our commercial agents in the different ports of France of this event, requesting them to dispatch copies of this letter by the first vessels that sail for the United States or the West-Indies, and inviting the captains of these vessels to publish it in the ports where they arrive."

"Commodore Morris recommends that all American vessels destined for the Mediterranean near to Capiz, a rendezvous where they will find a convoy charged with protecting them on their entrance into the Straights."

I am, &c.

(Signed) "ROBT. LIVINGSTON."

E. SKIEMTZA, Elq. Commercial Agent of the United States.

August 25. The Monitor contains a long article from Genoa, which those who are of suspicious turn of mind cannot but regard as important. It relates to the capture of vessels of different nations by the Algerines, and closes with the following remark:—"The French government will not permit such insults to go unpunished; and if other powers suffer their flag to be insulted, and their commerce to be pillaged, the First Consul will maintain, in the Mediterranean, the honour of the French flag, and guarantee the security which he has promised to all commercial peculations."

August 6.

The devastations committed by the rioters in the clothing districts of Wiltshire, are still continued. On Monday night the work-shops, and dwelling house, situate in the Conger, Towbridge, belonging to Mr. Nail, were wilfully set on fire, and burnt to the ground.

France.

PARIS, July 30.

Some English officers, on their passage from Malta to the ports of Italy, have had to fight their way through several Barbary cruizers which attacked them. They have deposited that several merchant vessels have fallen into the hands of these pirates.

August 7.

The accounts from Vienna mention, that the arrest of the rebel troops into Wallachia was more than a faint, and that they quickly returned and recommenced hostilities. One body, which had passed the Austrian frontier in Transylvania, was repulsed by the regiment of Spolony, and complaints were transmitted to the revolted pacha of Widdien, who denies having given any orders to this purpose, and that those troops are not under his orders; finally, he contents that the Austrian generals shall treat such as pass the frontier as banditti and freebooters.

Georgi Ofan Pachha has made his submission to the Porte, so it can be called, and the Captain Pachha has retrograded his army.

The terms of his submission were, that the Porte should restore to him the Pashalik of Silistria, and pay the arrears due to his troops, to the amount of one million of piastres. The Captain Pachha invited him to a conference; but Georgi Ofan, recollecting

what had happened about four years since to another Pachha under similar circumstances, who was shot while at table begged leave to decline the honor of the invitation. Ali Bahaw also, having effected his reconciliation, is to be restored to the government of Romania. Both these generals have made their own terms, from which may easily be inferred the weakness of the Turkish empire in Europe.

AMERICA.

New-York.

NEW-YORK, September 21.

Extract of a letter from gentlemen in Newbern (N. C.) dated September 21st, to his friend in Philadelphia.

"There was a duel fought in this place Sunday last, between Mr. Richard D. Spaight and Mr. John Stanly, (both members of Congress.) On the fourth day, Mr. Spaight received a ball under his arm, which put a period to his existence the next day."

Delaware.

WILMINGTON, September 18.

By the late report, Capt. Love, from Cumana, upon Spanish Main. On Saturday the 2d July a shock of an earthquake was felt in Cumana, and along the main to Barcelona, La Guaira and the city of Caracas. It happened at midnight and lasted about 25 seconds. Nor other damage was done than cracking the weakest of the houses and occasioning a considerable alarm—and on Saturday the 14th Aug. between 11 and 12 o'clock A. M. a very remarkably violent shock was also felt there. Its duration was about 12 seconds, but so severe that almost every house in town was torn to pieces and ruined! A considerable number were shook down and some persons killed.—The agitation of the ground was so violent as to open in several places from whence sprung fresh water. It was very difficult to stand without support. A ship that was upon the stocks was moved six inches in an easterly direction, and several houses were also moved from three to six feet in the same direction. In some places the ground sunk two feet, and in others rose as much. It was attended as is generally the case with a dismal roaring noise under ground. The distress and alarm occasioned is indelible.

The houses were deserted and tents erected in the streets. The damage was estimated at two hundred thousand dollars. The earth continued shaking slightly at intervals, until Tuesday the 17th Aug. when we failed—and about 3 hours after we left Cumana, being about 5 leagues distant from it and the nearest land (of foundations,) we felt on board a sudden and severe shock, which no doubt has completed the destruction of the shattered houses in Cumana.—The churches, being lofty buildings, were all unroofed. According to the custom of Catholic countries, the Holy Virgin was carried through the streets, night and day, elegantly dressed and illuminated, followed by thousands singing Misererordia, (have pity on us)—Great apprehension was entertained for the city of Caracas, the buildings there being lofty. Should the earthquake have happened, as was expected, it must have been destroyed.

In Dec. 1797—Cumana was destroyed by an earthquake, all the houses being shook down.

Mississippi Territory.

NATCHEZ, September 1.

PRICES CURRENT.

	NATCHEZ.	D. C.
Cotton per cwt.	18	
Tobacco per do. from 3 to 4	4	
Small castings do.	8	
Bar-Iron,	16	
Bacon do.	12 50	
Flour per barrel,	4 50	
Whiskey per gallon,	1 25	
Peach Brandy per do.	1	
Lime per bushel,	50	
Corn (shelled) per do.	12	
Pork (salted) per barrel,	10	

NEW-ORLEANS.

	D. C.
Cotton per cwt.	21 00
Tobacco per do. from 3 to 4	10 00
Small castings do.	10 00
Bar-Iron,	18 00
Bacon do.	12 50
Flour per barrel,	4 50
Whiskey per gallon,	1 25
Peach Brandy per do.	1 00
Lime per bushel,	50
Corn (shelled) per do.	12 00
Pork (salted) per barrel,	10 00

Kentucky.

LOUISVILLE, September 30.

We are informed that the Treaty with the Indians is concluded, and that the Governor has succeeded in purchasing a large quantity of lands—also four miles square to include the Saline Licks. In our next we hope to be able to give a more particular account of this interesting event.

Lexington, October 12.

DIED.—On Friday last, Miss ELIZA EDWARDS, aged 8 years, daughter of Mr. William Edwards, of this town.

By accounts from Tennessee and the southern parts of this State, we learn, that the early frosts have been very destructive to the cotton.—The average loss is estimated at two thirds.

The weevil is more destructive to the wheat in this neighborhood, than ever has been known.—We have been told of several farmers who will not attempt to clean their wheat, not more than one tenth part being found.

On the 4th inst., commenced the stated meeting of the Trustees of the Transylvania University. During their session, General William Henry, Thomas Wallace esq. and Felix Grundy esq. were elected trustees.

The following gentlemen were appointed for two years:—

The Rev. James Moore, President.

The Rev. James Blythe, Professor of Sciences.

The Rev. Andrew Steele, Professor of Languages.

Doctors Frederick Ridgely and Walter Warfield, Professors of Medicine, in addition to Doctor Samuel Brown, heretofore appointed.

The degree of Bachelor of Arts, was conferred on Mr. Josiah S. Johnston, and Mr. Austin Refraps.

LONDON, August 1.

Extract of a letter, "Gibraltar, Aug. 24.

"Sir Robert Barlow, of his majesty's Ship Triumph, of 74 guns, and a frigate have failed for Algiers, in consequence of the Algerines detaining three English vessels, on pretence of their having used false Mediterranean passes or old ones that had been used for other vessels. The Algerines have condemned the vessels and cargoes and sold them. We expect Mr. Robert will only demand the men from slavery. The Algerines lately sent a frigate and two xebecs, down to the back of the rock, with an intention to take a few vessels in the Gut; they only met the frigate, within our sight; the two xebecs boarded her, and carried her away to Algiers, after murdering nearly all on board. We expect they will take some more of them soon.

"June 28.

"An American frigate, commanded by Captain M'Neil, a short time ago fell in with 3 corsairs belonging to Tunis, in chase of a Venetian vessel, near Sicily; and Captain M'Neil, from the similarity of their colors, mistaking them for Tripolitan vessels, immediately attacked them; and after a most bloody action, in which he lost a number of officers and men, he sunk two of the enemy, the third making her escape, much flattered. This will inevitably occasion a rupture between the dey of Tunis and the Americans."

August 5.

Citizen Fouché has, within these few days, caused twelve of his former confederates, Jacobins, or reputed such, male and female, to be taken in custody. They have been put into the Temple, as the successors to some of the 180 [free] Frenchmen whose sentence of transportation Bonaparte signed on the morning of the 14th of July last, (The better day, the better deed) without the previous ceremony of a trial. Among these fresh victims, there is an individual of the name of Condaler, who was absurdly said to be implicated in the affair of Barras; and another named the Marquis de la Motte, whose only crime is to have published some unpleasant truths relative to Fouché himself.

The island of Elba is the depot of citizen Fouché, and the island of Madagascar is destined to receive those Frenchmen who may happen to incur his displeasure.

Though the ministry of the police be exceedingly zealous and active, his credit is decreasing. Our brother Lucien has, since his reconciliation at court, done every thing to injure him. Lucien does not forget that it was Fouché who drove him from the administration of the home department, and par pari refector is one of Lucien's axioms.

Private letters state that a wonderful change is about to take place in the government of the ci-devant French republic. In the interim, the senators are trembling; the members of the tribunate are fluddering, while the humble legislators observe a modest and studied silence.

A new Venice is breaking out; the Jacobins in that country have avowed themselves the friends of Moreau, he is their countryman in a wide sense, and the consequent enemy of Bonaparte. The walls of Rennes are every night covered with placards bearing these energetic words—Vive Moreau! Guerre a Bonaparte! To these exclamations are affixed the most violent invectives against the first consul. Moreover, the new prefect knows not what to do—he is thunder-struck. He has however, the resolution to remove from within his jurisdiction a denigrator, which had manifested a very emphatical opinion in favor of Moreau; but the removal is frustrated, till, by an express, do away the subject of complaint—for the Bretons, to a man, wish to see Moreau at the head of affairs.

Loves is a large city of Spain in the kingdom of Murcia, situated in the foot of the Sierra de San Jeronimo. It is a city of 10,000 inhabitants, and is called New Christians, being the descendants of the converted Moors. Though this city is large, it falls much to decay and is thinly inhabited.

SACRED TO THE MUSES.

PLEASURES.

See pleasure: with deceitful smiles
She woos the heart to taste her joy,
But oh! avoid her fivlen wiles,
She smiles—yet flies but to destroy.

Tho' chaplets do her brows adorn,
What tho' the's joyous as the spring?
Beware! there's a hidden thorn—
A thorn that will forever sting.

Dare not the influence of her eyes
Beware the poison of her breath;
Fly from her arms, there ruin lies,
Her smiles are fate—her song is death.

DISCUSSION OF A PART OF PLEASURE.

We went out clean we came home dirty,
We went out sober; we came home drunk;
We went out well; we came home sick.
We went out laughing; we came home crying.
We went out found; we came home broken.
We went out with cash; we came home moneyless.
We went out for all; we came home full of dust.
These are the usual pains of a party of pleasure,
and let those who are fond of happiness enjoy them.

PROPOSALS

By Daniel Bradford,
For Publishing by Subscription,
THE MEDLEY;
OR MONTHLY MISCELLANY.

I. THE MEDLEY shall be published in Numbers—one of which shall be ready for delivery on the first Tuesday in every month; and regularly forwarded to subscribers as directed.

II. Each Number shall contain Twenty-Four Pages; duodecimo.—Printed with a Neat Type, on Good Paper.

III. The Price to Subscribers will be One Dollar per annum, to be paid at the expiration of six months—or Seventy-Five Cents, at the time of publishing.

The first Number will issue on the 4th January 1802.

This design of this Publication being to combine Amusement with Useful Information, it will be the study of the Editor, by the variety of his Subjects to attain that object, and suit the taste of each Reader.

It is expected that Literary Characters will accept the opportunity this Work will afford them, of rendering the results of their labours useful to the Public. Besides Original Essays, the MEDLEY shall contain Selections, in Prose and Verse, from the most approved Authors.

As "The proper study of Mankind is Man," Biographical Sketches of those whom talents or patriotism have rendered conspicuous, shall be frequently introduced.

The advantages resulting from the publication of a Literary Miscellany in a Country where the circulation of Valuable Works is not extensive, must be obvious.—The Editor has only to add, that Industry in the collection of materials, and particular attention to the merit and variety of Extracts, shall not be wanting on his part to entitle the MEDLEY to the patronage of the Public.

PUBLISHED

Last Spring, and are yet for Sale at this Office.

A REVIEW

NOTED REVIVAL IN KENTUCKY,
BY THE REV. ADAM RANKIN.

Price.
By the hundred, as ad each.
Dozen, 25 6d do.
Single, 3s.

A. RANKIN.

PRESENTS his grateful acknowledgments to his Readers, for the encouragement they have given his humble attempt to serve the public—requesting all those who purchase his Books, to leave their names with those from whom they buy; as he means to emit to them gratis, an Appendix, he is now writing on another subject—to contain about 18 pages.

May 11, 1802.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And for sale at this Office,
THE OBSERVER,

Trying the great Reformation in this State.

And proving it to have been originally A WORK OF DIVINE POWER.

WITH A SURVEY

Of several Objections to the contrary, As being chiefly composed in

Ms. RANKIN'S REVIEW
Of the Noted Revival, lately published.

By THOMAS A. M.

Walker Baylor & Son,

Have just received from Baltimore, a very general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Hard Ware,
Queen's Ware, and
Glass Ware.

Which they will sell on their usual low terms for CASH, COUNTRY LINEN & LINSEY.

N. B. We want to purchase a quantity of the Coarsest kind of Low LINEN September 2, 1802.

TROTTER & SCOTT,

Have just received from Philadelphia, a new opening, for sale, at their Store, elegant and Well Chofed Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable for the present and approaching season, Consisting of

DRY GOODS,
HARD WARE,
CUTLERY,
GROCERIES,
GLASS,
QUEENS & CHINA WARE,
BAR IRON & STEEL,
NAILS of every description.

Also a constant supply of the best of SALT, from Mann's Lick.—All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices for Cash.—only.

Lexington, 7th May, 1802.

JOHN JORDAN JUN. & Co.
Have just received and are now opening, a large and well chosen assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of the following articles, viz.

Superfine, Fine & Common Cloths;
Calfskins,
Swathbonds;
Striped and plain Coatings;
Rice and striped Blankets,
Fancy and Constitution Gords;
Velvets and Thickets;
Camblets,
Wildbores,
Moreens, Jones's and Durants;
Callimancoes;
Bombazettes and Bombazettes,
Checks and Cotton Stripes,
Jeans and Fustians;
Hogpoles;
Plain, Clouded and Striped Nankeens,
Ginghams,
Dimities,
Mortilles Vellings,
Mantuas, Lutefrings; Taffeties, Senchews, Satins and Pelongs.

Perfians,
Chintzes and Calicoes;
Cabbriks,
Cambric, facconer, Lappet and Book Muslin;
Do. do. do. do. Tambored do.
Jaconnet and Book Muslin Handkerchiefs.
Do. bordered Shawls,
Bandanna, India, Pullicat, Romall & Barcelona Handkerchiefs,
Silk Shawls,
Cotton do.
Cotton, Romall Handkerchiefs
Linen & Cotton Pocket Handkerchiefs,
Charme Mullins,
Silt and Cotton Hofs,
Ribbans,
Gloves,
Laces and Edgings,
Sewing Silt, Thread and Tapes,
Turkey Red,
Groceries,
Stationary,
Hardware,
Cutlery and Saddlery,
Queen's and Glass wares,
6d. 8d. rod. and 20d. Nails and Brads,
Cattings.

ALL of which they are determined to sell at the most reduced prices for CASH, COUNTRY LINEN or HEMP.

N. B. Those indebted to JOHN JORDAN JUN. & Co. or JOHN JORDAN JUN. either by bond, note or book account, are requested to come and pay off the same, as 'tis not reasonable further indulgence should be given.

July 11, 1802.

SUGAR & COFFEE.

A Quantity of the first Quality

SUGAR & COFFEE.

For Sale on very moderate terms, by the Barrel.

Apply at the Store of

Jno. A. SEITZ.

Lexington, Sep. 22, 1802.

GOLDSMITH'S ANIMATED

NATURE.

For sale at this office.

Fayette County,

August Quarter Session Court, 1802.

Jedé Beauchamp, Complainant,

vs. Isaac Baker, Defendant.

The defendant not having entered his appearance herein agreeable to law and the rules of this court, and it appearing to their satisfaction that he is an inhabitant of this commonwealth.—On the motion of the complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear on the first day of our next November Quarter Session Court, and answer the complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed.—That a copy of this order be published herein weekly for and until he shall have another posted at the door of the court house in this county, and a third at the door of the Presbyterian meeting house in the town of Lexington, some Sunday immediately after Divine Service.

A copy. Attest

Levi Todd, C. F. C.

NOTICE

HAVING removed my family to a farm in the neighborhood of Lexington, and being desirous to do my business in town, I think it necessary to inform my clients that except during the sessions of the Court of Appeals, General Court, and Circuit Court of the United States for Kentucky and the Territories North-West of the Ohio, I shall attend at my office, in Lexington, every day, from nine o'clock in the morning, until nine in the afternoon, at which times I shall be ready to attend.

J. HUGHES.

Lexington, September 15th, 1801.

FOR SALE,

THE Property lately occupied in this town, by Mr. Arthur Thompson, and at present by Mr. Bellum, consisting of Two New Two Story

FRAME HOUSES,

Nearly finished, large and convenient Cellars, a large frame Stable and Kitchen, good Smoke House, and Three Lots belonging to the above premises. Also two hundred acres of GOOD QUALIFIED LAND, lying on the head of Salt River, about seven miles from this town; the title clear of every kind of dispute; the Land is well watered, but is entirely unimproved. A liberal credit will be given for the payment, and the whole amount will be received in produce. The terms will be made known by application to Messrs. Cooksby & Thury, merchants, of Philadelphia; or the subscriber, in Danville.

J. BRANEY.

Danville, 9th February, 1801

PETER PAUL & SON,

STONE CUTTERS

From LONDON,

Now living on the Woodford road, Lexington.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public at large, that they carry on the STONE CUTTING business in all its various branches, such as

TOMBS;
GRAVE STONES of all sorts.
Polished MARBLE CHIMNEY
PIECES, and
FREESTONE ditto,
SATES, to preserve Pipes, Monuments, &c. from being destroyed in case of fire.

MILITARY LAND.

I have for sale 1000 acres of

MILITARY LAND.

Lying immediately on the banks of the Little Miami, which I will dispose of extremely low for Money, (or if it should suit the purchaser, one half in Horses. The Land is of a quality superior to most of the Land in the North-Western Territory; it includes an excellent mill seat. For terms apply to

SAM'L. H. WOODSON.

Jessamine County, Va.

Oct. 1, 1802. } *at

BRUSH MAKING.

Eighteen Pence per pound, will be given for

COMBED HOGS' BRISTLES

by the subscriber, who will in the course of a short time, have all kinds of

BRUSHES

for sale, on more reasonable terms; and will warrant them as good, if not superior to any brought or imported here. He hopes the people of this state, will pay some attention to saving them, or have it done by their domestics, in order to encourage manufactures in their own country; particularly as they are an article so easily saved.

They will answer as well taken off after the hogs are scalded, as before, and those of a hog one year old will do, that is, all that are bristles, short and long—I will take them uncumbed, the price agreeable to the situation they are in.

Jas. C. HAMAY.

Brush Maker,

At Mr. Wm. Edwards's opposite Mr.

Bradford's Printing Office, Main-Street,

Lexington, Oct. 4th 1802.

TAKEN up by S. Jones Dawson,

in Bourbon county, Stoner, near Smith's

mill, a

BAY MARE,

about six years old, 13 hands high, branded on the off shoulder nearly thus, and

trots natural; appraised to \$8.

A Friend.

Oct. 2, 1802.

LANDS IN KENTUCKY.

To be Sold by Public Sale in the Tontine Coffee-Room, New-York, on the 2d day of December next, at 12 o'clock, noon,

Eleven Thousand Acres of LAND, in one or more lots; lying in the county of Fayette, State of Kentucky, about 30 miles from Lexington and Frankfort, 30 miles south east of the Ohio river and adjacent to the public road between the two Miami Rivers and several rifing settlements. The soil generally good, well watered, and timber of various descriptions.

These lands within fifteen miles of Main Licking and Kentucky rivers, both navigable two or three hundred miles above the extremity of the lands.

ALSO,

To be sold at the same time and place as the above, another TRACT of LAND of nine thousand acres, in one or more lots, in the county of Fayette, State of Kentucky, nearly the same distance from Lexington, Frontiers and the Ohio river, as the foregoing tract, and lays between the former and Main Licking river, distant only a few miles from the latter.

The soil is in general good, well watered and timber of different kinds, and as the former tract, in the neighborhood of the settled parts of Kentucky, and opposite a fertile settlement.

The Grants by Edmund Randolph, esq. in 1787 and 1788, and the title deeds are clear and indisputable.

As these lands are to be disposed of for behoof of creditors, they will be positively sold to the highest bidder, for approved notes at two, three months.

Capt. Fowler or Mr. James Mafferton of Lexington; or Mr. James Brook, clerk of Woodford county; or Maj. John Lee near Frankfort will point out the lands.

And for further information and an accurate plan of the lands, apply to John Wilkes, Charles Wilkes, or Lewis Simmond esq. New-York, or to Mr. Brown Dunfries, Virginia.

July 1802.

HARRISBURG, (Pa.) Feb. 1802.

PROPOSALS.

For publishing by subscription,

AN

ABRIDGMENT

OF THE

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES,

OR,

A complete Digest of all such Acts of Congress, as concern the United States at large.

By Wm. GRAYDON, Esq.

CONDITIONS.

I. This work shall commence with the laws passed at the first session of Congress, held after the adoption of the Federal Constitution, and end with those that may be enacted at the present session.

II. The whole will be comprised in one large octavo volume, of at least five hundred pages, and perhaps considerably more; it being impossible, till after the present session of Congress, to pronounce with accuracy.

III. It shall be printed on good paper, and type, and well bound, at FOUR DOLLARS. No money will be required till the work is completed, of which notice will be given.—N.B. It is at present in considerable forwardness.

IV. The Constitution of the United States shall be prefixed, and an Appendix added, containing all existing Treaties, the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation, the Rules and Articles for the government of the Army, and the Ordinance for the government of the Territory North West of the Ohio.

V. Lifts shall be given of the titles of all the laws under the several heads of "Abridged"—"Repealed"—"Expired or Obsolete," and "Private or Local." Likewise, Tables of the rates of Duties, Post-Roads, and times of holding Courts throughout the United States.

The convenience of One book instead of Six, the difference of the price (being only one third the rate of other editions,) and the superior advantage of having all the laws upon each particular subject, classed together, and brought into one view, must appear striking and important; particularly as this work will be more within the reach of every one, and will comprize whatever his duty or interest requires him to know of the "supreme law of the land."

WILLIAM GRAYDON, Editor,

JOHN WYETH, Publisher.

** The work is it supposed will be finished by the 1st of January next.

†† Subscriptions received at the Office of the Kentucky Gazette.